

California AFL-CIO

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THOS. L. PITTS

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Public Workers Union Sets Up State Council

A statewide council of locals of the AFL-CIO American Federation of State Council of Municipal Employees has just been formed by action of the union's International Executive Board.

In issuing the charter for the new council, National AFSCME President Jerry Wurf said:

"We have issued a charter for California Public Employees Council 49 with a jurisdiction embracing all of California. A temporary executive board and temporary officers have already been elected. They have the full support of our International union in their attempt to better

(Continued on Page 3)

Christian Bros. Workers Vote For UFWOC

Any doubt about the desire of farm workers at the Christian Brothers Mt. La Salle vineyards in Napa County to be represented by the AFL-CIO United Farm Workers Organizing Committee was dispelled this week after an election conducted by the State Conciliation Service found more than 80 percent of the workers favored UFWOC representation.

Nearly a year ago Christian Brothers had announced its intention to recognize the UF-WOC and this had been widely interpreted as an agreement to recognize the union without any election since most of the workers had already signed cards favoring the union.

(Continued on Page 4)

5% NOW JOBLESS

Slowdown in Job Growth **Shows Up in State Report**

A slowdown in the State's job growth and an increase in unemployment which for the first time in 18 months was higher than year-earlier figures last month was disclosed in a joint report just issued by the State Departments of Employment and Industrial Relations.

More Awards in **Scholarship Tilt**

Chances for competing high school seniors to win one of the \$500 awards at stake in the California Labor Federation's 17th Annual Scholarship Competition improved significantly this week when two more federation affiliates announced that they would co-sponsor scholarships.

This boosts the number of scholarships available in the competition to 18, the highest

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Although total civilian employment at 7,208,000 topped the February 1966 level by 297,000 or 4.3 percent, the over-the-year increase "has narrowed in recent months," Margaret R. O'Grady, Acting Director of the Industrial Relations Department, said.

While manufacturing lowed by government accounted for the largest share of the over-the-year job gain,

(Continued on Page 3)

Senate Acts on **Housing Bias Bills**

One of two Senate bills aimed at licensing discrimination in housing by repealing California's 1963 Fair Housing Act was killed and the other taken under submission this week at a jammed senate committee hearing held in a tense atmosphere in one of the largest hearing rooms in

the State Capitol.

The two measures, SB 9 and SB 14, both sponsored by Senator John G. Schmitz (R-Tustin), the only avowed member of the John Birch Society in the legislature, were vigorously opposed by the California Committee for Fair Practices, representing more than 100 organizations throughout the state, and by former Assemblyman William Byron Rumford, author of the 1963 legislation.

Referring to both measures as "hate-ridden bills," Max Mont, Executive Secretary of

(Continued on Page 4)

Action Urged On New 'Situs' **Picketing Bill**

Strong support for legislation to restore to building trades unions the same picketing rights enjoyed by unions in other industries was voiced in a statement adopted by the AFL-CIO Executive Council at its meeting in Bal Harbour, Florida, last month.

The need for the so-called "situs" picketing legislation stems from a 1949 ruling of the National Labor Relations Board which interpreted a provision of the Taft-Hartley Act dealing with secondary boycotts to make it illegal for a union to strike or throw a picket line around a construction site if an

(Continued on Page 2)

11 to Vie for 46th Assembly **District Seat**

Eleven persons including six Republicans and five Democrats have qualified as candidates in the special primary election set for April 11 in the 46th Assembly District in Los Angeles to fill the unexpired term of the late Assemblyman Charles Chapel (R-Palo Verdes) who died last month.

With such a large number of candidates qualified as of the

(Continued on Page 3)

Fed Executive Council to Meet In Sacramento

A meeting of the Executive Council of the California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO, will open at 10 a.m. Friday, April 7, 1967, at the El Dorado Hotel

in Sacramento.

The meeting, set for the day after the final day of the Joint Legislative Conference being sponsored by the Federation and the State Building and Construction Trades Council of California and the State Council of Carpenters, may extend into Saturday, April 8.

A meeting of the Executive Council of the California Labor Council on Political Education will be held following the adjournment of the Federation's Executive Council

meeting.

INDSTRL RLTNS LIBRARIAN INST INDSTL RELATIONS UNIV CALIF-214 CAL HALL

State Rise at Twice U.S. Avg.

The percentage of increase in the number of households in California has been more than double that of the national average from 1960 to 1965 according to data just released by the Bureau of the Census of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

The new estimates put the total number of households in California at 5,807,000 making it the top ranking state in number of households.

The figure, based on estimates for July 1, 1965, is about 826,000 above the total of 4,-981,024 California households counted in the 1960 decennial census. The total in the 1950 census was 3,336,391.

This means that the increase from 1960 to 1965 was 16.6 percent or 2.9 percent each year. This compares with an annual rate of increase in California households of 4.0 percent during the 1950-60 period.

The percentage increase for the nation as a whole between 1960 and 1965 was 8.1 percent or an annual average rate of increase of 1.5 percent. During 1950-60, the annual rate of increase in the U.S. was 2.1 percent.

Of the total number of households in California, an estimated 3.980.000 are husbandwife households, Phillip M. Creighton, director of the Commerce Department's field office in San Francisco said.

By census definition, a household consists of all persons, related and unrelated, who occupy a housing unit which is defined as an apartment or a house intended for occupancy by one family.

It is growth factors such as this that reflect the need for expanded state services. They also underscore the need for tax reforms-including greater reliance on the personal income tax and less on regressive taxes such as property and sales taxes-to permit the state's revenues to expand as the State's population and personal income increases and thereby avoid recurrent state revenue crises.

Households in AFL-CIO Urges Congress Unions Can Fine To Enact Situs Picket Law

(Continued from Page 1)

object of such picketing is to keep unions not directly involved in the dispute off the

Although the U.S. Supreme Court upheld the NLRB's interpretation in the case involving the Denver Building Trades in 1951, it has been generally recognized by congressional leaders that the decision discriminates against building tradesmen and deprives them of the basic economic rights enjoyed by other union workers in other industries.

This is reflected in the fact that every administration since 1949 - including those of Presidents Truman, Eisenhower, Kennedy and Johnson-have recommended legislation to remove "situs picketing" at multiemployer construction sites from the Taft-Hartley definition of secondary boycotts.

Although there has been bipartisan support for corrective legislation ever since 1949 an internal dispute within the labor movement delayed congressional action until the Building and Construction Trades Department and the Industrial Union Department announced agreement on "situs picketing" legislation in February, 1965.

In reviewing subsequent action on the issue, the executive council noted last month that:

"In the 89th Congress, the House Labor Committee favorably reported HR-11027 . . . on September 21, 1965, and it was . . . reported out of the Rules Committee on March 14, 1966.

"Speaker John McCormack then scheduled the bill for floor action May 12, 1966. However, on the eve of floor action on this legislation, the bill was withdrawn from the agenda in

A View of Freedom

"Those who profess to favor freedom and yet deprecate agitation are men who want rain without thunder and lightning. They want the ocean without the roar of its many waters." —Frederick Douglass a completely unprecedented move by the then Chairman of the House Labor Committee.

"It was grossly unfair that such a sound and justified piece of legislation should have fallen the victim of a wholly undemocratic action which had never happened before in the history of the U.S. Congress," the Council declared.

It urged the 90th Congress "to rectify this unfortunate failure" by holding hearings promptly on the present measure, HR-100 introduced by Rep. Frank Thompson (D - N.J.) which is identical with HR-10027, and bringing the bill to the floor of the House for action "as soon as possible."

Such action is necessary, the Council's statement said, to "rectify a long-standing injustice which has been done the building and construction trades unions."

Rep. Carl Perkins (D-Ky.) the new chairman of the House Labor Committee, has pledged his full support for the bill.

In addition bipartisan support for the measure is reflected in the co-sponsors of H.R. 100 which includes a large number of both Democrats and Republicans.

Strikebreakers, **Justice Dept. Says**

Employees who continue to work when their union is striking are "interfering with majority rule" and can be subjected to union fines.

That's what Solicitor General Thurgood Marshall of the Justice Department told the U.S. Supreme Court in Washington this week in connection with a case involving two locals of the United Automobile Workers that were involved in strikes against plants of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company in West Allis and La Crosse, Wisconsin, in 1959 and 1962

The unions had imposed fines of up to \$100 against some employees who continued to work during the strike.

Marshall told the court that the imposition of fines is "coercion necessary for the solidarity of the union" and does not violate the Taft-Hartley Law.

He said that workers who wanted to exercise their right of free expression "should have used their power of persuasion in the union hall.

"Deliberately going through a picket line is different," he said.

Housing Starts Drop 15%

Housing starts across the nation dropped more than 15 percent last month further dampening hopes for any near-term revival of the nation's depressed home building industry. the U.S. Commerce Department disclosed this week.

The building slump has been particularly acute in California where the number of residential units constructed has plummeted more than 65 percent in the past four years, from 292,000 units in 1963 to less than 97,000 units last year.

The Congress Department said that the number of housing starts nationally declined to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 1.089.000 units in February. 15.1 percent less than the month earlier level.

Last October, housing starts dropped to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of only 848,-000, the lowest rate posted nationally since World War II.

The depression in the industry is attributed principally to the tight money policies pursued by the Federal Reserve Board up until late last year when interest rates were eased slightly. This has resulted in excessively high interest rates which dried up home-building investment funds.

In human terms it has been estimated that this has resulted in the unemployment or underemployment of more than 30 percent of California's building and construction tradesmen.

11 to Vie for 46th Assembly District Seat

(Continued from Page 1)

March 12 deadline, it is almost a foregone conclusion that a special run-off general election will be necessary, Los Angeles County Registrar of Voters Ben Hite said.

The special primary election April 11 will be on the same day that governing board elections for school districts in Los Angeles County are held, necessitating two separate ballots, Hite noted.

The run-off election will be held on May 9 if none of the candidates in the special primary election receives a majority of the total votes cast.

As of the close of registration for the election on February 16, registration in the district which includes the communities of Manhattan Beach, Palo Verdes Estates, Redondo Beach and Torrance, totaled 107,738, including 45,757 Democrats, 58,188 Republicans and 3,793 miscellaneous and decline to state.

Republican candidates who qualified for the ballot are: Robert G. Beverly, current Mayor of Manhattan Beach and a law partner of ex-State Senator Richard Richards; Mrs. Dorothy M. Chapel, the late Assemblyman's widow; Howard M. Kessler; Michael O'Neil; Boris S. Woolley, a Palo Verdes Estates lawyer; and Kenneth A. Woolsey.

Democratic candidates are: Joseph Amato; Paul T. Kamm, a Los Angeles lawyer and college teacher; William A. Ross, a Manhattan Beach lawyer; Owen A. Silverman, a Torrance lawyer; and J. O. Lee Solomon, a Redondo Beach city councilman.

Labor Laws

The 1966 yield of labor laws enacted by state legislatures was substantial — about 300 were added to the statute books. More than 60 of the new laws dealt with wages and wage standards, reflecting a growing state concern with a dequate remuneration for work.

5% NOW JOBLESS

Slowdown in Job Growth Shows Up in State Report

(Continued from Page 1)

February-to-February margin of growth was perceptively smaller than year-to-year comparisons in prior months," the report noted.

Employment in both construction and agriculture was below year-earlier levels and employment in the aerospace industries, a mainstay of manufacturing employment last year, "has shown little expansion in recent months," it said.

Unemployment in California at 459,000 in February was 39,000 above the previous month and 8,000 higher than in February 1966.

The State's seasonally adjusted jobless rate rose from 4.7 percent in January to 5.0 percent last month which compares with 5.1 percent in February 1966.

The State's civilian labor force comprised of the employed and the unemployed available for and seeking work was 7,667,000 last month, an increase of 305,000 or 4.1 percent since February 1966.

In Los Angeles County civilian employment totaled 2,960,800 in February, virtually unchanged from a month earlier but 3.9 percent higher than in February 1966. Unemployment rose from 143,900 in January to 151,000 last month but was

still 4,400 below the jobless total in February 1966. The county's seasonally adjusted jobless rate rose from 4.4 percent in January to 4.5 percent last month but was still below the 4.8 percent rate posted in February 1966.

The increase in jobless workers in February was attributed in part to the increase in the number of youths seeking jobs following mid-year graduations.

In the San Francisco-Oakland area unemployment at 68,500 in February was 3,700 higher than a month earlier and 1,600 higher than in February 1966. The area's seasonally adjusted jobless rate rose from 4.3 percent to 4.4 percent over the month but was 1/10th of a percentage point less than the 4.5 percent jobless rate posted in February 1966.

Total employment in the area was 1,267,100 last month, an increase of 34,600 or 2.8 percent over the year. More than half of the over-the-year job gain was in government but services and public utilities accounted for one out of every five new jobs.

The continuing slowdown in construction was reflected in a loss of 5,300 workers from that industry's payrolls. In addition, a drop in shipyard and automobile assembly employment limited the year-to-year job gain in the area, the report said.

Public Workers Union Sets Up State Council

(Continued from Page 1) the conditions of public employees."

The council composed of 81 local unions in California, was formed "to consolidate the strength and resources of the various AFSCME Locals and Councils in the state of California, to establish a more solid base for an intensive organizing drive to provide better service to AFSCME members throughout the state and to coordinate our efforts in the fields of legislation, research. publications public relations. education and related activities," the union said.

Clem Regner International Union Area Director, said in Los Angeles that "All AFSCME International staff are now working to assist the officers and staff of Council 49 in developing an entirely new program for all our members. We are pleased at this development and know that it will result in better working conditions at the local level."

Executive Director for the Council, which has opened a legislative office in Sacramento at 1521 "I" Street, is Rodnev Larson. The new group plans a statewide convention at the Statler Hilton Hotel in Los Angeles, April 21-23, 1967.

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Name		Date	
Organization			
City	State		Zip Code

27th Taft-Hartley Board Convened

The three-member Presidential Board that conducted hearings in San Francisco on the West Coast shippard dispute involving the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers was the 27th such board since the Taft-Hartley Act was adopted in 1947. The hearing results were forwarded directly to the President for his advice in deciding whether to seek a court injunction and an 80-day cooling off period. Such an injunction has since been issued.

2 More \$500 **Awards at Stake In Fed Contest**

(Continued from Page 1) number in the history of the program.

The two new co-sponsors are the Los Angeles Building and Construction Trades Council and Local 120 of the AFL-CIO Amalgamated Meatcutters and Butcher Workmen of North America in Oakland.

The deadline for entering the competition is next Monday, March 20, 1967. All applications, accompanied by a transcript of the student's four-year high school record, must be received by the California Labor Federation by that date.

To date, more than 1300 applications have been received for the competition, which is open to all public and private high school seniors in the state.

A two hour written examination will be held in all participating high schools on Friday, April 14, 1967.

Further details about the competition may be obtained from high school principals or by writing to: Education Committee, California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO, 995 Market Street, Room 310, San Francisco, California 94103.

Manual for Shop Stewards Now Available

A completely revised and updated "AFL-CIO Manual for Shop Stewards" is now available from the AFL-CIO Pamphlet Division.

The new 64-page edition of the manual covers a wide range of information on collective bargaining, the job of the shop steward, how to handle grievances and legislative and educational material.

no. 75, can be obtained by and noted that: writing AFL-CIO Pamphlet Division, 815 16th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006. Single copies are *free; orders of up to 100 copies cost 20 cents per copy.

Senate Acts on Housing Bias Bills

(Continued from Page 1) the Fair Practices Committee, said:

"We're shocked and alarmed at the proposal that the State abdicate its responsibility in this sensitive area."

He also informed the 11-man Senate Committee on Governmental Efficiency that a spokesman for the California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO, was prepared to testify in opposition to the bills. But the hearing was cut short when the committee tabled SB 14 which was aimed at both repealing the Rumford Act and amending the Unruh Civil Rights Act, on a split voice vote and, subsequently, acted to take SB 9 under submission.

DIFFERENCE NOTED

The latter measure would repeal the Rumford Act but makes no mention of the Unruh Civil Rights Act.

SB 9 is expected to be held for consideration later in the session along with other similar bills originating in the Assembly.

SB 14 would have amended the Unruh Civil Rights Act, which bans discrimination in business establishments, to authorize a residential property owner or his agent to decline "to sell, lease or rent such property to whomsoever he chooses."

CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUE

Prior to the committee's action tabling SB 14, Senator J. Eugene McAteer (D-San Francisco) read a legislative council's opinion to the committee which held that the language in the bill was very similar to the language used in Proposition 14 and was of "questionable constitutionality."

In the course of his testimony, Rumford pointed out that at least 17 states and 22 cities have laws similar to or The manual, publication ** stronger than the Rumford Act

> "Not even one other state -not even Alabama—has introduced legislation to repeal them."

'He maintained that the passage of Proposition 14 in November 1964 resulted from a wave of "many rumors, much misinformation and many erroneous statements."

"If I believed all the propaganda, I might have voted against my own act-it was that ridiculous," Rumford said.

On May 10, 1966, the State Supreme Court ruled that Proposition 14 was unconstitutional because it violated both the equal protection and supremacy clauses of the U.S. Constitution.

COURT'S POSITION

The 14th Amendment states that no State shall "deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws." The supremacy clause requires that a State Constitutional Amendment like any other state law must conform to federal constitutional standards.

The State Supreme Court's 5-2 majority opinion said in part that:

". . . We can conceive of no other purpose for an application (of Proposition 14) aside from authorizing the perpetuation of a purported private discrimination where such authorization or right to discriminate does not otherwise exist."

The State High Court's decision has been appealed to the U.S. Supreme Court by the California Real Estate Association, one of the principal promoters of Proposition 14 whose current president spoke in favor of both of the Schmitz bills at the hearing in Sacramento last Wednesday.

QUESTION OF FREEDOM?

Both the CREA spokesman and a spokesman for the California Apartment Owners Association objected to the Rumford Act claiming that it involved "tampering with the freedom to contract."

But they didn't explain whose freedom they were talking about.

While both bills were initially introduced solely by Senator Schmitz, SB 9 was subsequently amended to include Senators Bradley, Burgener, Coombs, Dolwig,

Christian Bros. Workers Vote For UFWOC

(Continued from Page 1)

But after months of discussion, a Christian Brothers attorney insisted that a card cross-check election be held.

The results, announced Monday by state labor conciliator Ralph F. Duncan, showed that the UFWOC had valid cards for 29 of the 35 eligible employees, an 83 percent majority.

Duncan said he expects Christian Brothers and the union to enter into contract negotiations "forthwith." If the contract includes hiring procedures it could resolve the question whether the UFWOC represents the company's employees at Reedley in Fresno County most of whom are now provided by labor contractors.

Harmer, McCarthy, Richardson, Schrade, Stevens, Walsh, and Whetmore as co-sponsors. And SB 14 was subsequently amended to include Senators Bradley, Coombs, Harmer, Richardson, Schrade, Walsh and Whetmore as co-sponsors.

Both measures would also reduce the membership of the State Fair Employment Practices Commission from 7 to 5.

Also before the committee for action were three other human rights measures introduced by Senator Mervyn M. Dymally (D-Los Angeles) which failed to receive a "do pass" and, therefore, are probably dead for this session. These bills were:

SB 112 to make the California Fair Employment Practices Act applicable to discrimination against women because of sex.

SB 173 to change the name of Division of Fair Employment Practices to the Division of Human Rights and the name of the State Fair Employment Practices Commission to the State Human Rights Commis-

SB 174 to establish an office of contract compliance in the Division of Fair Employment Practices to investigate and make determinations on whether contractors or subcontractors violate the FEP Act.

OF BILI

*Sponsored by the California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO No bill may be taken up until 30 days after the date of introduction indicated in Digest, except by 3/4 vote.

CR Di	Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Disability Insurance
EA	Employment Agencies, Private
ED	Education
EL	Elections
HO.	Housing
IN ⁱ⁽	Insurance (Incl. H & W)

Key to Symbols		
LC	Labor Code Changes, General	
LI	Liens, Attachments & Writs	
LS	Labor Unions, Individually	
LU	Labor Unions, General	
MI	Miscellaneous	
PE	Public Employees	

Public Health

Recreation
Industrial Safety
State & Local Government
Taxation
Training & Retraining
Unemployment insurance
Workmen's Compensation

ASSEMBLY BILLS

AB 497 Quimby (Fin. & Ins.) Prohibits any person engaged in financing purchases or making loans from requiring a purchaser or borrower to obtain insurance from a particular insurer as well as to negotiate any insurance through a particular insurance agent or broker; grants purchasers and borrowers free choice of admitted insurer as well as insurance agent or broker; reduces from 30 to 15 days, the time prior to expiration of a policy before which a purchaser or borrower must deliver to the lender a substitute or renewed insurance policy.

Makes prima facie evidence that no violation of Section 770 has occurred, a written declaration by the purchaser or borrower that he has voluntarily chosen the insurer as well as the insurance broker or agent and that the selection was not a condition precedent to the purchase or loan and the handwritten authorization and selection by the purchaser or borrower of his chosen insurer as well as insurance agent or broker, by name. Feb. 10. INS-Watch

AB 498 Meyers (S.P. & V.A.) Provides that minimum and maximum salary limits for laborers, workmen, and mechanics generally, not only those employed on an hourly or per diem basis, need not be uniform throughout the state.

Specifies State Personnel Board may establish salaries for laborers, workmen, or mechanics employed by the state on an hourly, daily or monthly basis.

Directs the board to also consider the prevailing rates in private business including the construction industry specifically, as well as the prevailing rates in the localities, in fixing minimum and maximum salary limits or a range to be established throughout the state. Feb. 10.

PE-Watch

AB 499 Meyers (S.P. & V.A.) Provides, that employees working evening or night shifts shall be provided differential compensation in accordance with standards of Sec. 18852, Gov.C., authorizing the board to establish more than one salary range or rate or method of compensation within a class if differential is determined to be prevailing practice in PE-Watch private industry and other public employment. Feb. 10.

AB 500 McGee (Rev. & Tax.) Specifies that State Board of Equalization shall require persons delivering motor vehicle fuel to service stations to keep an accurate record of the location of such stations and the amount of fuel delivered.

Provides that revenue derived from the Motor Vehicle Fuel License Tax Law now appropriated to the Highway Users Tax Fund shall be deposited, instead, in the Streets and Highways Users Fund.

Appropriates the moneys in the Streets and Highways Users Fund to the California Highway Commission for expenditure for the street and highway purposes specified in the Constitution, but requires that expenditures in each county, city and county and city be in the proportion that the amount of tax on motor vehicle fuel delivered to service stations in each such jurisdiction bears to the total amount of revenue in the fund. Feb. 10.

AB 501 Meyers (S.P. & V.A.) Increases the maximum rate of overtime pay which may be granted to state employees from their regular rate

PE---Watch of pay to $1\frac{1}{2}$ times their regular rate of pay. Feb. 10.

Water and Power

AB 533 Veysey (Agr.) Makes provisions requiring slaughter houses or meat food products manufacturers to operate pursuant to federal, state or approved municipal inspection applicable to all counties, rather than just to those with more than 28,000 population.

Makes federal meat inspection stamp applicable to all counties, rather than just to those with more than 28,000 population. Feb. 14.

LS/PH-Good

AB 540 Burton (Fin. & Ins.) Makes it mandatory that all contracts involving the lending of money shall state the interest rate. Prohibits the raising of the interest rate during the term of the loan. States any attempt to waive these provisions is void. Feb. 14.

AB 543 Cory (Ed.) Revises laws governing adoption and use of free textbooks for public elementary schools to define "basic textbooks" to be selected by State Board of Education for grades I through 8 in all schools, and to prohibit selection of other "supplementary textbooks" or instruction materials except in limited instances.

To take effect upon the adoption of unspecified Assembly Constitutional Amendment of the 1967 Regular Session. Feb. 14. ED-Watch

AB 544 Bill Greene (G.O.) Authorizes the Division of Fair Employment Practices to engage in "affirmative actions" with employers, employment agencies, and labor organizations. Defines "affirmative actions" as any educational activity for the purpose of securing greater employment opportunities for members of racial, religious, or nationality minority groups and any promotional activity designed to secure greater employment opportunities for the members of such groups on a voluntary basis.

Provides for a complaint section and an affirmative action section in CR-Watch the division, Feb. 14.

AB 548 Badham (Pub.H.) Deletes requirement that rules and regulations adopted by Commission of Housing and Community Development, pursuant to the State Housing Law, include provisions imposing requirements to or more restrictive than those contained in the minimum painting standards for home construction loans adopted by the Federal Housing Administration and the Department of Veterans Affairs. Feb. 15.

AB 568 Roberti (Jud.) Provides generally that all of a person's earnings for personal services rendered shall be exempt from attachment without filing claim therefor, rather than as presently provided that one-half of the earnings received for personal services rendered within 30 days of the attachment are so exempt; except only one-half of the earnings received for personal services within 30 days of attachment shall be so exempt when the writ of attachment is issued in an action for child support or for the collection of a tax, and the other half shall be subject to exemption on claim therefor is necessary for support of family. LI-Watch Feb. 15.

AB 570 Brown (Fin. & Ins.) Makes employment in domestic service in a

ASSEMBLY BILLS (Cont'd)

private home, local college club and local chapter of a fraternity or sorority subject to unemployment disability insurance law if cash wages therefore exceed \$200 per quarter. Feb. 15.

DI—Watch

- AB 571 Brown (Fin. & Ins.) Makes employment in domestic service in a private home, local college club and local chapter of a fraternity and sorority subject to unemployment insurance law if cash wages therefor exceed \$200 per quarter. Feb. 15.
- AB 572 Brown (Jud.) Provides for discovery in any administrative adjudication proceeding. Specifies what information is discoverable, prerequisites to the use of different types of discovery, manner of taking and means of enforcement. Feb. 15.

 MI—Bad
- AB 599 Hayes (Jud.) Adds additional specified parties to list of those parties against whom suits on mechanics' liens cannot be commenced prior to the period within which claims of lien must be filed for record. Feb. 17.
- AB 600 Hayes (Jud.) Provides that, if notice of claim is given within 90 days after the filing of mechanic's lien, then such lien continues in force until 90 days after the expiration of the period within which claims of liens are required to be filed for record.

Provides that if credit be given and notice of fact and terms of such credit be filed in office of county recorder before expiration of lien, rather than subsequent to filing lien and prior to expiration of 90-day period after filing, then such lien continues in force until 90 days after expiration of such credit, provided agreement is not to give credit for a longer time than one year after work is completed. Feb. 17.

LI--Watch

- AB 613 Roberti (Ind.R.) Provides that employment shall not be terminated by an employer on the ground that an employee's earnings are attached, garnished, or affected by other legal process prior to a final order or judgment of a court. Feb. 20.

 LC—Watch
- AB 618 Chappie (Agri.) Requires wholesale meat setlers to provide buyers with a statement of net weight of primal cuts of meat purchased. Feb. 20. MI—Bad
- AB 642 Unruh (Ed.) Removes all ex officio members from the Board of Trustees of the California State Colleges and deletes provisions providing for participation on board by Speaker of the Assembly as a legislative interim committee on the subject of California State Colleges.

Provides act to be operative only if A.C.C...... is approved, removing ex officio members from the Board of Regents of the University of California. Feb. 20.

- AB 645 Belotti (Fin. & Ins.) Specifies that employer's reserve fund will not be charged for payment of benefits where employee leaves part-time employment to take full-time employment or to take employment at a substantially higher wage. Feb. 21.
- AB 648 Quimby (Ed.) Provides a scholarship of \$6,000 maximum over a period not to exceed six years to dependents of peace officers who died in the performance of, or from injuries incurred in the performance of, their duties. Feb. 21

 LC—Watch
- AB 669 Hinckley (Fin. & Ins.) Excludes from workmen's compensation law any person receiving training, not involving apprenticeable occupations, at a sheltered workshop or other work establishment for physically handicapped and mentally retarded persons, notwithstanding the receipt of remuneration by the person for his work effort. Feb. 21. WC—Bad
- *AB 671 Warren (Fin. & Ins.) Repeals adverse changes in the Unemployment Insurance Code affecting eligibility enacted in the 1965 session of the Legislature and repeals the provision which renders an individual ineligible for any benefit unless he earns 5 times his weekly benefit amount after he incurs any of the disqualifications under Section 1256 of the Unemployment Insurance code. Feb. 21.
- *AB 672 Warren (Fin. & Ins.) Increases from \$12 to \$20 the amount of wages an unemployed individual may receive in any week before wages

- in excess thereof are deducted from the weekly benefit amount payable to him. Feb. 21.
- *AB 673 Warren (Fin. & Ins.) Provides that an individual may not be disqualified for unemployment benefits both because (1) he was unable to work and unavailable for work, and (2) without good cause refused offered work or failed to apply for suitable employment when notified by a public employment office, based on the same set of facts. Feb. 21.
- *AB 674 Warren (Fin. & Ins.) Increases from 26 weeks to 39 weeks the maximum duration of benefits payable during one benefit year and removes limitation on total amount payable. Feb. 21.

 UI—Good
- *AB 675 Warren (Fin. & Ins.) Deletes conditions under which tips and gratuities may be considered wages for unemployment insurance purposes and provides instead that all tips or gratuities shall be treated as wages paid by an employer. Feb. 21.

 UI—Good
- *AB 676 Warren (Fin. & Ins.) Increases weekly unemployment insurance benefits by revising the highest quarter wage brackets to uniform multiples of \$25.

Increases the maximum weekly benefit amount for unemployment insurance benefits from \$65 to \$80.

Provides for an automatic increase in weekly benefit amount based upon a factor to be computed annually prior to November 30, commencing 1968, based upon two-thirds of the average weekly total wage paid in "employment" as defined during a specified period.

Provides that for each \$1 increase or decrease in the weekly benefit amount factor over \$80 there shall be a corresponding increase in the weekly benefit amount paid claimants under the unemployment insurance law. Feb. 21.

- *AB 677 Warren (Fin. & Ins.) Changes formula for determining when "wages" for purpose of nunemployment insurance contribution by increasing the wage base to \$15,000. Feb. 21.

 UI—Good
- AB 680 Briggs (Fin. & Ins.) Requires an insurer, upon cancellation of any workmen's compensation insurance policy which has a stated amount or deposit minimum premium provision, to prorate the stated amount or deposit minimum premium over the entire term of the contract and refund to the insured such portion of the stated amount or deposit minimum premium which is allocable to the period after the date of cancellation, unless, under the terms of the contract, the remuneration to which the insurer is entitled at the time of cancellation exceeds the portion of the stated amount or deposit minimum premium which is allocable to the period the policy was in force. Entitles the insurer, in such case, to such remuneration. Feb. 21.
- AB 693 Cory (Fin. & Ins.) Provides that an individual disqualified for benefits for specified reasons is ineligible to receive benefits until he has received remuneration equal to or in excess of five times his weekly benefit amount, rather than in an amount determined by multiplying the number of disqualifications imposed by five times his weekly benefit amount. Feb. 21.
- AB 698 Milias (Ed.) Authorizes Regents of the University of California to require payment of \$250 tuition fee by each resident student, and authorizes Trustees of California State Colleges to require payment of \$150 tuition fee by each resident student, with respective proceeds to be devoted to student loan programs, scholarship programs, and maintenance and further improvement of quality of instructional programs.

Authorizes regents to establish "Regents' Professorships" at individual university campuses and other public colleges in state. Feb. 21. ED—Bad

- AB 705 Bagley (Jud.) Codification to maintain the codes; corrects the legislative districts to conform with the decision of the Supreme Court in Silver v. Brown; makes no substantive change. Feb. 21. EL—Watch
- AB 710 Bagley (Jud.) Codification to maintain the codes; makes no substantive change. Feb. 21.

 LC—Watch