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'Must Have' Braceros, Actor Says

California's Republican nominee for Governor, Hollywood actor Ronald Reagan, stated flatly last week that California "must have" braceros.

Addressing a rally in the Statler Hilton Hotel in Los Angeles, the GOP standard bearer declared:

"We must have them. The problem here lies with federal government interference and has nothing to do with the needs of labor or farmers."

"... nothing to do with the needs of labor or farmers?"

Nothing to do with the deprivations that California's 300,000 farm workers suffered because the bracero program de-

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Senate Rejects Move to Gripple Packaging Bill

An attempt to seriously undercut the AFL-CIO backed "truth-in-packaging" bill was rejected by administration forces in the Senate this week on a roll call vote of 53 to 32.

The rejected amendment would have eliminated provisions for standard weights and measures for kitchen and bathroom supplies.

Senator Phillip A. Hart (D-Michigan) who has been pressing for stronger consumer legislation for a number of years, vigorously opposed the amendment.

"When the husband goes into a liquor store, he can buy a fifth, pint or a quart and easily compare it with other brands," the Senator said.

"Why can't we give the housewife the same deal in a supermarket?" he asked.

Pitts Hails COPE Victories, Warns of Far Right Peril

House OKs Tax Bonanza For Wealthy

A bonanza for "high paid doctors, dentists and lawyers" is wrapped up in a tax break approved by the House this week by a 291 to 0 roll call vote.

The measure, approved despite an Administration protest, would double the income tax deductions allowed for self-employed persons who estab-

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School Bonds Win Approval

A \$275 million state school bond issue, the only statewide proposition on the primary ballot, won easy approval at the polls Tuesday.

At press time the latest vote tally on the measure was 1,768,-

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White House Rights Parley Stresses Need for Action Now

"Every day's delay in breaking down the barriers of segregation in housing, schools and discrimination in jobs means irreparable damage to hundreds of thousands of human beings."

On this urgent note, AFL-CIO Vice President A. Philip

Court Clarifies Prop. 14 Ruling

There is no law to prevent the owner of a single family dwelling from refusing to rent or sell to other parties on racial grounds so long as the

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State AFL-CIO leader Thos. L. Pitts today hailed the victories of the vast majority of COPE-endorsed candidates at the polls last Tuesday but warned California's trade unionists that the gubernatorial results "clearly indicate that the reins of state government are in very real peril of falling into the hands of a Charlie McCarthy for the radical right."

"Unless we start now to mobilize the strongest registration, education and vote campaign in our history," he said, "we're going to find our state saddled for four critical years with a chief executive who opposes urban renewal projects, regards medical care for the aged as socialized medicine, and wants to bring back the ruthless bracero program."

"These are just a few of the views of a candidate for the highest office in our state who has never held a public office in his life. And they are all views that threaten the jobs, the health and welfare of our citizens," the secretary-treasurer of the California Labor

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All of COPE's Congressional Candidates Win

All of California Labor COPE's 32 Congressional candidates triumphed Tuesday and the Democrats won an additional congressional seat when Assembly Majority Leader Jerome R. Waldie (D-Antioch), a COPE-endorsed candidate, polled an outright majority to nail down the unexpired term in the 14th congressional district seat vacated by the death of Representative John F. Baldwin (R-Martinez).

Two COPE-endorsed candidates in Northern California successfully fought off unexpectedly strong challenges by anti-Vietnam candidates.

In the 7th Congressional District in Alameda County, incumbent liberal Democratic Jeffery Cohelan received strong COPE support and defeated Robert Scheer, the anti-Vietnam policy candidate, by a vote of 35,270 to 28,751. This race attracted extensive nationwide attention, including a number of phone calls from the White House for the results shortly

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Signed Up For Summer School Yet? — See Page 4

Pitts Hails COPE Victories, Warns of Far Right Peril

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Council on Political Education said.

"Californians must not let themselves be beguiled by a glib, trained actor into turning the fate of the state's economy over to a man peddling Goldwater's reactionary philosophy in a deceptively labeled "new economy sized" package.

"To do so would be to condemn California to four years of strife and stagnation at the very time when the initiation and implementation of bold, new job-creating programs is becoming most urgent," Pitts explained.

The state AFL-CIO leader's remarks were prompted by the relatively narrow margin by which Governor Edmund G. Brown won the Democratic nomination over Los Angeles, Mayor Sam Yorty as well as by

School Bonds Win Approval

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147 YES to 1,208,890 NO.

The measure required a simple majority for passage.

Of the total sum approved, \$240 million will be used to aid school districts in acquiring land and constructing and acquiring buildings, facilities and equipment for school purposes.

The remaining \$35 million is earmarked for ghetto areas and may be used either to buy portable classrooms, renovate existing facilities, acquire land for school sites or for the construction of permanent buildings.

But one key issue regarding the use of these bond funds has yet to be resolved.

This is the practice of some state agencies and school boards of drawing up specifications for schools or classroom and laboratory fixture work by using the specifications from a catalog of an out-of-state firm. Such practices discriminate against California's own mill and cabinet workers and deny jobs to building tradesmen whose industry has been depressed due to the slump in home building in California.

reports from Los Angeles, Orange and San Bernardino Counties and elsewhere in the State that John Birch Society members and other right-wing extremist groups had turned out in force to rally the vote for Republican nominee Ronald Reagan. Reagan smothered former San Francisco Mayor George Christopher, his principal opponent, by more than 600,000 votes.

On an overall basis, COPE endorsed a total of 121 candidates for statewide, Congressional, State Senate, Assembly

and Board of Equalization posts. A total of 108 won, giving COPE victories in more than 89 percent of its races.

On the Congressional level where 32 candidates were endorsed for 38 Congressional seats, COPE won 100 percent of the races in which endorsements were made.

In the State Senate where 21 of COPE's 25 candidates won, the victory ratio was 84 percent.

And in the State Assembly where COPE endorsed 55 can-

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White House Rights Parley Stresses Need for Action Now

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ence participants could take home and present to their local organizations for implementation. Participants included a broad cross section of concerned citizens — union officials and corporation presidents, civil rights workers, moderate white Southerners, slum dwellers and clergymen of all faiths and ranks.

AFL-CIO President George Meany sent a message to the conference urging participants to bear in mind the overriding importance of a full employment economy to make equal opportunity meaningful.

He urged enactment of the pending civil rights bill and called for "a faster pace" of school desegregation aided by "a special multi-billion dollar federal school fund."

In addition, Meany said:

"There must be jobs at good wages for all who can work. There must be an adequate system of income maintenance for those who cannot."

A four point program drawn up by conference leaders called for:

- Creation of immediate job opportunities for Negroes at all skill levels coupled with accelerated training for better jobs.

- Provision of "quality education for all" equal to that currently available for just "the fortunate few," and reduction of racial concentrations in

schools through "color-conscious" planning.

- Provision of adequate open housing for low and moderate income families through a program geared to raze the ghetto walls of inner cities and eliminate the barriers of exclusion in the suburbs.

- Assurance of equality in justice and law enforcement and adequate protection for Negroes seeking to exercise newly won rights.

Court Clarifies Prop. 14 Ruling

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owner is not engaged in the real estate business, the state Supreme Court said this week.

The ruling did not reverse the court's decision of May 10 that Proposition 14 is unconstitutional. It merely pointed out that there is no provision in California law that forbids discrimination on racial grounds by the owner of a single-family dwelling if he is not in the real estate business.

"Although the state, by action of the legislature or the people, may make private acts of discrimination unlawful," the court said, "the only areas covered by California law are discrimination in business establishments (the Unruh Act) and discrimination in the sale

House OKs Tax Bonanza For Wealthy

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lish their own retirement plans.

At present, a self-employed person can contribute up to \$2,500 a year toward his own retirement plan and deduct half of it—as much as \$1,250—from his taxable income.

Assistant Treasury Secretary Stanley S. Surrey opposed the legislation on the grounds that it would involve "significant net tax reduction" at a time calling for "fiscal restraint."

Most of the tax loss — estimated at \$20 to \$30 million this year and up to \$60 million next year — "would represent an automatic tax reduction for the year 1966 for those self-employed already participating in pension plans since, without any change in their contributions, their tax deductions will double," he explained.

In contradiction of a Republican claim that the bill would provide an incentive to self-employed persons making less than \$10,000 annually to set up self-retirement plans, Surrey said it was far more probable that the bill "will only serve to attract more of the same class of high-income, self-employed into pension plans."

Of those setting up self-retirement plans, some 61 percent earn more than \$25,000 a year and most of them were doctors, the Treasury said.

The unanimous action of the House on this tax bonanza for the wealthy is a little more than ironic, coming as it does, barely a week after the House approved, albeit narrowly, an amendment to the minimum wage bill that would deprive some of the nation's lowest paid workers of more than \$400 in wages between February 1, 1968, and February, 1969. This is the result of the House amendment that delayed the boost in the minimum to \$1.60 to Feb. 1, 1969, instead of Feb. 1, 1968, as originally approved by the House Labor Committee.

or rental of publicly assisted housing or private dwellings of more than four units (the Rumford Act)".

Pitts Hails COPE Victories Warns of Far-Right Win

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didates in 52 districts including one dual endorsement in the 24th district, COPE-backed candidates won 45 races or 82 percent.

In the other statewide races, Lieutenant Governor Glenn M. Anderson scored an easy victory over his two principal rivals for the Democratic nomination and will face Republican Robert H. Finch, who managed Richard M. Nixon's 1960 campaign, in November.

Attorney General Thomas C. Lynch, another COPE-endorsed candidate, swamped his nearest Democratic opponent, State Public Utilities Commissioner William M. Bennett by a four to one majority. Opposing Lynch on the Republican side in November will be Spencer Williams.

Similarly, incumbent State Controller Alan Cranston, the COPE-endorsed candidate, won the Democratic renomination by an overwhelming majority.

Successful COPE-endorsed candidates are listed below. (An asterisk (*) in front of a candidate's name indicates a candidate who will have no opposition in the November general election.)

STATEWIDE

Governor	Edmund G. Brown (D)
Lieutenant Governor	Glenn M. Anderson (D)
Attorney General	Thomas C. Lynch (D)
Controller	Alan Cranston (D)
Treasurer	Bert A. Betts (D)

FOR CONGRESS

District	District
1 Thomas T. Storer (D)	22 James C. Corman (D)
2 Harold T. (Bizz) Johnson (D)	23 Ed O'Connor (D)
3 John E. Moss (D)	25 Ronald Brooks Cameron (D)
4 Robert L. Leggett (D)	26 Thomas M. Rees (D)
5 Phillip Burton (D)	27 John A. (Jack) Howard (D)
7 Jeffery Cohelan (D)	28 Lawrence (Lorry) Sherman (D)
8 George P. Miller (D)	29 George E. Brown, Jr. (D)
9 *Don Edwards (D)	30 Edward R. Roybal (D)
10 George Leppert (D)	31 Charles H. Wilson (D)
13 Charles A. Storke (D)	33 Ken W. Dyal (D)
14 Jerome R. Waldie (D)	34 Richard T. Hanna (D)
15 John J. McFall (D)	35 Thomas B. Lenhart (D)
16 B. F. Sisk (D)	36 William C. Godfrey (D)
17 Cecil R. King (D)	37 Lionel Van Deerlin (D)
18 Harlan Hagen (D)	38 John V. Tunney (D)
19 Chet Holifield (D)	
21 Augustus F. (Gus) Hawkins (D)	

His Republican opposition in November will be Houston I. Flournoy.

State Treasurer Bert A. Betts, another COPE-endorsed, was unopposed on the Democratic ticket. His Republican opponent in November will be Mrs. Ivy Baker Priest.

In the two statewide races left "open" by state COPE—those for Secretary of State and Superintendent of Public Instruction—Norbert A. Schlei, former Assistant Attorney General of the United States and legal advisor to both Presidents Kennedy and Johnson, won the Democratic nomination and will run against incumbent Republican Frank S. Jordan in November.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Max Rafferty, who had only token opposition in the primary, captured more than 50 percent of the total vote cast in the primary to win another four-year term in the only statewide non-partisan office.

All Congress Candidates Win

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after the polls closed Tuesday night.

In the 1st Congressional District Thomas T. Storer, the COPE endorsed candidate seeking to unseat Republican Don Clausen in November, defeated Phillip V. Drath, another anti-Vietnam policy candidate.

Waldie's triumph gives the Democrats 24 of the state's 38

congressional seats, leaving the Republicans with only 14.

Waldie, who polled 74,220 votes will fill out the remaining six months of Baldwin's term and then face Republican Frank J. Newman, runner-up who polled 43,368 votes in the special election that was held concurrent with the primary, in November.

FOR STATE SENATE

District	District
1 Randolph Collier (D)	12 Robert I. McCarthy (D)
2 Virgil O'Sullivan (D)	13 Alfred E. Alquist (D)
3 Stephen P. Teale (D)	18 Walter W. Stiern* (D)
4 Pearce Young (D)	20 Eugene G. Nisbet (D)
5 Albert S. Rodda (D)	22 Tom Carrell (D)
6 Alan Short (D)	24 Alvin C. Weingand (D)
7 George Miller, Jr. (D)	26 Anthony C. Beilenson (D)
8 William Byron Rumford (D)	27 George E. Danielson (D)
9 J. Eugene McAteer (D)	28 Alfred H. Song (D)
11 Nicholas C. Petris (D)	29 Mervyn M. Dymally (D)
	30 George Wilson (D)
	33 Joseph M. Kennick (D)

FOR STATE ASSEMBLY

District	District
1 Pauline L. Davis (D)	42 Bob Moretti (D)
2 Frank P. Belotti (R)	49 Peter S. Schabarum (R)
3 Leroy F. Greene (D)	50 Philip L. Soto (D)
6 Eugene A. Chappie (D)	51 Jack R. Fenton (D)
8 Walter W. Powers (D)	52 Richard (Dick) English (D)
9 Edwin L. Z'berg (D)	56 Charles Warren (D)
10 Norman T. Kestner (D)	58 Harvey Johnson (D)
11 John T. Knox (D)	61 Lester A. McMillan (D)
14 Robert W. Crown (D)	62 Glenn Bowman (D)
16 Edward Ardzrooni (D)	63 Yvonne Brathwaite (D)
18 Willie L. Brown, Jr. (D)	64 Del Stelck (D)
19 Charles W. Meyers (D)	65 Jesse M. Unruh (D)
20 John L. Burton (D)	66 Joe A. Gonzalves (D)
23 John F. Foran (D)	67 L. E. (Larry) Townsend (D)
24 John Vasconcellos (D)	68 Vincent Thomas (D)
25 William F. Stanton (D)	72 John P. Quimby (D)
26 Carl A. Britschgi (R)	76 Tom Ruth (D)
27 Leo J. Ryan (D)	77 Wadie P. Deddeh (D)
28 Jack T. Casey (D)	78 Robert C. (Bob) Coates (D)
29 John C. Williamson (D)	79 Frederick J. (Jim) Bear (D)
32 George N. Zenovich (D)	
34 Alan G. Pattee (R)	
36 Winfield A. Shoemaker (D)	
37 Ken MacDonald (D)	
40 Edward E. Elliott (D)	

STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

District	District
1 George R. Reilly (D)	3 Paul Leake (D)
2 John W. Lynch (D)	4 Richard Nevins (D)

'Must Have' Braceros, Actor Says

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pressed their wages to less than 40 percent of the state's average factory workers' wage?

Nothing to do with the welfare burden the bracero program imposed on California's general taxpayer?

Nothing to do with the waste of human potential involved in denying farm workers a decent opportunity to earn adequate housing, health care, and education for themselves and their children?

Of course it has!

Tens of millions of dollars that, under the bracero program, flowed to Mexico and adversely affected our balance of payments problem are now spent in California stimulating the state's economy. The final report of the California Farm Labor Panel estimated last December that this outflow was reduced last year by about \$50 million and, it noted:

"The multiplier effect of the spending of these wages in the community makes the economic impact of keeping these wages at home even more important, and should particularly be borne in mind in appraising export losses suffered by growers through inability to harvest all of their crops."

Reagan's flat declaration that the state "must have" braceros reveals an appalling ignorance of the human and economic realities of this critical issue and suggests that he is being led around by the nose by the powerful anti-labor corporate farm interests.

One of the pet dodges of the ultra-conservative is to use vague, abstract charges such as "government interference" to attack public programs that in many cases were made necessary by the irresponsibility or greed of selfish special interest forces in the private sector of the economy. And they can get away with it so long as no one knows the facts.

But the fact is that since the end of the bracero program, as President Johnson noted in his 1966 Economic Report to Con-

Pamphlet Tells Of Labor's Role in MDTA

"It costs far less to direct a hard-core unemployed worker into a useful occupation than to support him during a lifetime of dependency."

This is the theme of a new pamphlet, "Trade Unions and the MDTA," published by the Labor Department which outlines the role trade unions play in developing the worker training and retraining programs under the expanded Manpower Development and Training Act.

The program's target is to fill the gap between those who need training to get work and those who need trained workers. Union participation in MDTA programs includes recommendation and endorsement actions as well as active involvement in the creation of the training programs.

Further information on the MDTA programs may be obtained from the MDTA coordinator at local state employment offices or from the Manpower Administration, U.S. Department of labor, Washington, D.C. 20210.

Generally speaking MDTA programs are divided between training for labor-shortage occupations and training geared to the needs of the disadvantaged unemployed. During the 1967 fiscal year, 25 percent of the trainees will be disadvantaged young people, 40 percent disadvantaged adults, and the remaining 35 percent will be chosen for their ability to learn skills in short supply, the Labor Department said.

gress, "average farm income last year (1965) rose 23 percent, breaking all records."

And the U.S. Department of Agriculture predicts that farm income this year will top 1965's \$14.1 billion by at least \$1 billion—the highest since 1947-48.

And what effect did the end of the bracero program have on the needs of labor?

Labor Secretary W. Willard Wirtz reported the following major developments in farm employment during 1965:

"Tens of thousands of more jobs for American workers,

What! Not Signed Up Yet For State Fed's Summer School

Time is running short for local unions, central bodies, and individual union members to make arrangements to attend or to sponsor members to attend the California Labor Federation's week-long summer school to be held July 10-15, 1966, at the University of California campus at Santa Barbara.

The theme for the school this year will be "The California Labor Movement — Challenges and Issues in 1966." In addition to focusing sharply on the basic issues at stake in the 1966 elections, the school is designed to provide union leaders with a fuller understanding of the impact on labor of medicare and new education legislation as well as labor's role in the war on poverty in both rural and urban areas.

Workshop sessions will concentrate on some of labor's more specialized problems including collective bargaining, organizing, contract enforcement, the role of central bodies,

consumer education, civil rights, community service and union label activities.

Developed in cooperation with the Centers for Labor Research and Education at the University of California at Berkeley and Los Angeles, the school is particularly designed to provide education and training facilities for smaller national and international unions that have no summer training programs of their own. But it is open to all union members.

Registration forms and other general information about the school were dispatched to all affiliates last April. Further information may be obtained by writing John Carroll, Director of Education, California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO, 995 Market Street, San Francisco, California 94103.

To register, just fill out the registration form below and enclose it with a check for the accommodations desired and send it to the address on the form.

REGISTRATION FORM

for the

California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO, Summer School
to be held July 10-15, 1966 at the University of California
Campus at Santa Barbara.

Name.....

Union.....

Address.....

PM WORKSHOP CHOICE—Designate by numbering boxes in order of preference 1 through 4:

1. ☐ **Collective Bargaining.**
2. ☐ **Labor Law.**
3. ☐ **Central Bodies Today; Implementing Labor Movement Goals; Civil Rights and Full Employment.**
4. ☐ **Union Label; Consumer Education; Community Services; and Anti-Poverty Programs.**

REGISTRATION: Make checks payable to California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO, \$87.50 single; \$82.50 for each double. Send check to California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO, 995 Market St., Suite 310, San Francisco, California 94103, Attn.: Dr. John Carroll, Director of Education.

with domestic employment in mid-August up about 86,200 over the same time in 1964; significant improvements in the terms and conditions of employment, with hourly farm wages up from \$1.08 to \$1.14 for the biggest recorded one-year increase since the Korean War period."

Results like these, inadequate though they are, may constitute "government interference" to well-heeled Hollywood actors but they mean more bread and beans and maybe a little milk for thousands of farm workers and their families.

So whose side are you on?